Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

**Product name:** Carnegie Investment Fund – Nordic Equity Fund Screened (the "Sub-Fund") Legal entity identifier: 529900BR5NZNQZEVQ417

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

# Environmental and/or social characteristics

boes this infancial product have a sustainable investment objective.				
•	Yes	•	×	No
	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:%  in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		char its o	racteristics and while it does not have as bjective a sustainable investment, it will a minimum proportion of _ of ainable investments  with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  with an environmentally sustainable under qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy
	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	X		omotes E/S characteristics, but will not e any sustainable investments



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

The Sub-Fund integrates environmental, social and corporate governance factors (ESG) into the investment process. This is done with the the help of the Investment Manager's sustainability screening process which is a part of the general due dilligence promoted before the Investment Manager invests in a company. The Sub-Fund invests in companies with a strong and robust sustainability profile, as well as companies that demonstrate considerations for the environment. The Sub-Fund therefore strives for a lower CO2 emission

than the return benchmark VINX Nordic Benchmark Cap Net Index (the "Return Benchmark").

Furthermore, the Sub-Fund's investments are subject to selection criteria resulting from norm-based and activity-based screening, leading to various exclusions. Norm-based screening ensures that the Sub-Fund's investments are aligned with existing conventions and principles, including the UN Global Compact for human rights, labour rights, climate and environment, and anti-corruption. Activity-based screening aims to exclude companies whose primary activities (constituting more than 5% of revenue) involve alcohol, conventional weapons, palm oil, pesticides, fossil fuel, gambling or pornography and there is a 0% tolerance for companies with activities in controversial weapons.

The Sub-Fund does not use a benchmark that is aligned with the Sub-Fund's environmental and /or social characteristics.

Details on the sustainability screening process are available on https://www.carnegie.se/private-banking/dokument-och-underlag/fonder-och-portfoljer/sustainability-related-disclosures-nordic-equity-fund-screended/

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

To promote environmental and social characteristics, the Sub-Fund aims for a lower CO2 emissions level compared to the Return Benchmark. The Sub-Fund also employs exclusions based on both norm-based and activity-based screenings as sustainability indicators. This means that the strategy's sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Sub-Fund are achieved.

The strategy excludes investments in companies that do not meet the selection criteria of the strategy due to their activities or business operations.

To measure whether the environmental and social characteristics are attained, the Sub-Fund applies the following indicators:

- CO2 emissions level compared to Return Benchmark. CO2 emission level is measured as the Financed Carbon Emissions (tones CO2e / \$EUR invested).
- Number of companies in the investment portfolio which do not comply with the activity-based screening as a percentage of total investments.
- Number of companies in the investment portfolio that violates UN's Global Compact initiative as a percentage of total investments.
- What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The sub-fund does not have sustainable investments as its objective.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

X No

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Not applicable

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, ...



## The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment

objectives and risk

tolerance.

### What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Sub-Fund has an active investment strategy. The Sub-Fund invests mainly in listed small, mid and large cap equities in Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland. The Sub-Fund will strive to have a relatively concentrated portfolio of approximaltely 30-50 single equities. The stock selection is based on a fundamental bottom-up process with a strong focus on quality companies with stable profit growth, sound balance sheets and ability to generate free cash flows.

Investments are diversified across companies and sectors that meet the selection criteria.

The analysis will be based on internal as well as external research and advisory services.

The sub-fund will apply exclusion criteria to determine the investment universe. The Sub-Fund has restrictions against investing in companies of the following activities: tobacco, alcohol, controversial and conventional weapons, palm oil, pesticides, fossil fuel, gambling or pornography.

Potential investments are also screened against companies with confirmed violations of the UN Global Compact Principles for responsible investments.

Screening will be performed before initial investment in a company and existing holdings will be screened on a daily basis.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The following binding elements are used:

- Activity-based exclusions (based on a maximum percentage of 5% of revenue from the
  excluded activities at the level of each underlying investment) prevent investments into
  activites that are inappropriate for the strategy. The activity-based exlusions include
  thresholds for exposure to conventional weapons, tobacco, palm oil, pesticides, alcohol,
  gambling, pornographie or fossil fuel activities and there is a 0% tolerance for companies with
  activities in controversial weapons.
- Norm-based screening against violations of the UN Global Compact Principles having a
  negative impact on the environment, human rights, labor rights and business ethics is done. If
  violations are suspected in relation to sustainable practices, the Investment Manager will
  analyze the investment further and without sufficient progress preparation is made to exit the
  investment.

Resources independent from the Investment Manager are used in the the ESG analysis. The portfolio of the Sub-Fund will, on a regular basis, be screened using a leading screening service.

Investments that do not comply with the activity and normbased screenings will be divested, in an orderly manner, considering the best interests of the shareholders.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

Not applicable.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

Good governance practices of investee companies are addressed in several layers of the equity selection process. Governance safeguards are inherent in the norms-based screening both before and during the lifespan of an investment, i.e. the Investment Manager monitors that the investments are in line with the UN Global Compact Principles which includes sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. If an investment fails to meet the activity and/or normbased screening criterias, the Investment Manager carries out an investigation and if there is no acceptable reason, the investment will be divested.



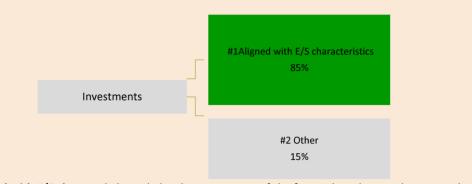
#### What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets. Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share

turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.

capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



- **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.
- **#2Other** includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.
- **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** The Sub-Fund's investments will primarily be aligned with the environmental and social characteristics it promotes through the Sub-Fund's norm-based and acitivity-based screening. The minimum share of environmental and social aligned investments is 85%.
- #2 Other Includes cash, cash equivalents to facilitate the liquidity of the Sub-Fund.
- How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?



The Sub-Fund will not use derivatives to achieve the environmental and social characteristics. To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-Fund does not currently intend to invest in sustainable investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy and the minimum share of taxonomy-aligned investments (including transitional and enabling activities) is therefore assessed to be 0%.

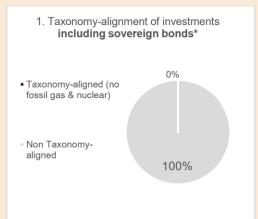
Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy<sup>4</sup>?

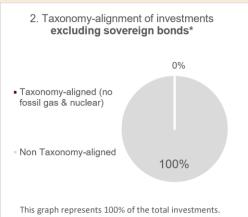
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities** directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. **Transitional** activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds\*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





\* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

are
sustainable
investments with an
environmental
objective that do not
take into account
the criteria for
environmentally
sustainable economic
activities under the

EU Taxonomy.

best performance.

#### What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

Not applicable



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

Not applicable



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Sub-Fund may hold cash, cash equivalents to facilitate the liquidity of the sub-fund. There are no minimum environmental or social safeguards on these instrument types.



Reference

**benchmarks** are indexes to

measure whether

environmental or

characteristics that they promote.

the financial product attains the

social

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

Not applicable

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

Not applicable

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

Not applicable

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?
Not applicable

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Not applicable



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website:

https://www.carnegie.se/private-banking/dokument-och-underlag/fonder-och-portfoljer/